Nine-months report

January 1 to September 30, 2005



Company Overview

As at Sep 30, 2005

47.8%

Board of Management Michael Mohr (CEO)

Dr. Reiner Stecher (CFO) -- until Aug 31st, 2005

IPO date March 13, 2000

IPO lead manager Concord Effekten AG

Equity capital / Number of shares 8,464,592

 Shareholder structure
 Name
 Shares
 % of equity

 Michael Mohr
 3,566,810
 42.1%

 Ingrid Mohr
 423,314
 5.0%

 Roland Mohr
 429,155
 5.1%

Free Float

Total 8,464,592 100.0%

4,045,313

Stock price Sep 30, 2005 0.70 Euro (XETRA)

Price high / low in Q1-3/2005 0.96 Euro / 0.47 Euro (XETRA)

Market-capitalization Sep 30, 2005 (0.70 Euro x 8,464,592) 5,925,214.40 Euro

Sec. code number 529530 German Regulated Market (Prime Standard)

ISIN DE0005295307

Number of employees 82 (thereof fulltime 73)

Accounting method IFRS

IFRS	2005 Jan1. – Sep 30.	
Sales (EUR k)	1,891	2,308
Depreciation and amortization expense (EUR k)	104	197
EBITDA (EUR k)	-570	-150
EBITDA (% of sales)	-30%	-6%
EBIT (EUR k)	-674	-347
EBIT (% of sales)	-36%	-15%
Consolidated profit/loss (EUR k)	-686	-357
Net income (% of sales)	-36%	-15%
EPS (EUR)	-0.08	-0.04
Equity ratio	69%	72%
Employees	82	76
Share ownership of the members of	Shares at Sep.	Shares at Dec. 31,
executive bodies	30, 2005	2004
Management Board Michael Mohr (CEO)	3,566,810	3,566,810
Supervisory Board Michael Böllner (Chairman until July 13, 2005)	0	4,500

DCI Database for Commerce and Industry AG originated from DCI Database for Commerce and Industry GmbH, which was founded in 1993. It is a service company for digital sales management. DCI AG performs and optimizes electronically supported business processes in the areas of purchasing, sales, sales promotion as well as recording and updating data. The DCI competitive advantage is its many years of experience and detailed knowledge of the multi-level supply chain with ITC products (products from the information and telecommunication industry). The company has specialist expertise in developing and marketing electronic push and pull media. Key success factors in the company are innovation and rapid adaptability.

The DCI Group markets products and services to bring together supply and demand among market participants using state-of-the-art technology:

eCommerce

Online trading and information platform (DCI WebTradeCenter)
 DCI operates an Internet trading platform for the ITC trade. This contains up-to-date product and price information and is sustained through a membership model.

Marketing/Sales

 Electronic product catalogs (.tma files and DCI TradeManager [.tma reader and file management / order software])
 DCI creates electronic product catalogs for eCommerce applications, from data collection/preparation to catalog software for the simple reproduction and use of catalogs.

Information Providing

- Creation and provision of push media for product sales in the ITC industry via fax and e-mail, for example, DCI Highlight Fax, Premium E-mail (HTML), for 25,000 ITC specialists.
- Data Services: mass data recording and updating, processing, classification and licensing product and address data (subsidiary in Romania [DCI Romania S.R.L.]).
- Wide Area Infoboard (WAI): a patented technology, with which content of all kinds can automatically be made accessible on websites by e-mail. This product is currently in the launch phase.

Sales and results development

The DCI Group continued to record a drop in sales compared to quarters one to three of 2004 due to the continued poor condition of the industry, with sales falling by EUR 417k (18%) to EUR 1,891k. This fall affected all business areas, though to different extents: sales in the eCommerce segment fell by EUR 88k (26%), in the Information Providing segment by EUR 193k (11%) and in the Marketing/Sales segment by EUR 136k (80%).

The main sales driver continues to be the Information Providing segment, which accounts for around 85% of total sales at EUR 1,606k. The eCommerce and Marketing/Sales segments accounted for EUR 250k (13%) and EUR 35k (2%) of sales during the nine months.

Cost reduction efforts have developed well so far this year. Operating expenses again fell significantly year-on-year in nearly all areas of the company.

A net loss of EUR –357k under IFRS in quarters one to three of 2004 represented a moderate performance. This was mainly due to cost reductions and especially income from the reversal of provisions (EUR 664k) in the first quarter of 2004. These related to provisions that were set up in connection with the letter of comfort issued in respect of MuK GmbH Berlin and no longer required following the successful legal dispute. In the first nine months of 2005, the result of EUR –686k was 92% or EUR 329k worse than in the same period of the previous year. This was primarily due to the fact that the effects of the reversal of the MuK provision no longer impacted.

Sales development by segment

Nine months segment "Information Providing"							
		turnover 2005	turnover 2004	<u>difference</u>	<u>in %</u>		
e-mail media	K€	1,159	1,567	-408	-26.0%		
WAI	K€	15	4	11	275.0%		
data services	K€	432	228	204	89.5%		
segment total	K€	1,606	1,799	-193	-10.7%		
Nine months segment "	eCommerc	<u>e</u> "					
		turnover 2005	turnover 2004	difference	<u>in %</u>		
WebTradeCenter	K€	250	338	-88	-26.0%		
Nine moths segment "M	1arketing / S	Sales"					
		turnover 2005	turnover 2004	difference	<u>in %</u>		
TradeManager	K€	35	171	-136	-79.5%		
Nine moths total							
		turnover 2005	turnover 2004	difference	<u>in %</u>		
	K€	1,891	2,308	-417	-18.1%		

Q3 "Information Providing" segment							
		Q3 2005	Q3 2004	<u>difference</u>	<u>in %</u>		
e-mail media	K€	361	505	-144	-28.5%		
WAI	K€	4	4	0	0%		
data services	K€	184	109	75	68.8%		
segment total	K€	549	618	-69	-11.2%		
Q3 "eCommerce" segn	nent						
		Q3 2005	Q3 2004	difference	<u>in %</u>		
WebTradeCenter	K€	76	106	-30	-28.3%		
Q3 "Marketing / Sales"	segment						
		Q3 2005	Q3 2004	difference	<u>in %</u>		
TradeManager	K€	4	52	-48	-92.3%		
Q3 total sales							
		Q3 2005	Q3 2004	difference	<u>in %</u>		
	K€	629	776	-147	-18.9%		

The consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2005 include the DCI subsidiaries DCI Malta Ltd. and DCI Romania S.R.L.

As in previous years, the financial year is the calendar year.

Order book

The strained economic situation in Germany and the lower investment propensity of IT users continued to have a negative impact at all levels of the information technology market. The lack of confidence prevented large orders for long-term projects from being placed with DCI AG. In spite of counteractive measures introduced by the company, the overall negative market conditions led to an 18% drop in sales compared to the same period in the previous year.

<u>"eCommerce" segment</u>:

The DCI **WebTradeCenter** provides a product and price overview of ITC products (products from the information and telecommunication industry) for ITC business partners. Today, it is principally used as an information platform. DCI Premium Content contains the 100,000 most important products of the DCI database (in each case quoting different suppliers and prices). Premium Content also exists as an electronic TradeManager catalog for resellers and for company buyers. The DCI WebTradeCenter (WTC) achieved sales of EUR 76k in Q3, a decline of 28% compared to Q3/2004. This drop in sales reflects the effects of savings measures undertaken by our customers, who are reducing expenditure on information and advertising media and therefore membership in WTC due to the difficulties they are facing in the ITC area. This development was, however, incorporated in planning to this extent.

"Marketing/Sales" segment:

At EUR 4k, sales of electronic catalogs (DCI **TradeManager**) were 92% below sales for the same period in the previous year (Q3/2004) and at EUR 35k for the nine months, were 80% down on the comparable period in 2004. This fall was for the most part incorporated into planning. Catalogs are no longer distributed on CD-ROM as frequently and the initial success of the TradeManager solution was dependent on this distribution. The reluctance of our customers to issue orders for new electronic catalogs was attributable to the poor economic environment here as well.

"Information Providing" segment:

This segment combines the recording and maintenance of product data (Data Services), the distribution of client product advertising via DCI e-mail and fax media and the provision of information in the new Wide Area Infoboard. At EUR 549k, sales in this segment were 11% below those of the previous year (Q3/2004) and below projected sales. The details of this are as follows:

There continued to be satisfactory development in **Data Services** provided by our **Data Service Factory** in Romania. Here, we generated further increases. We produce electrical product data for webshops and our customers' commodities management and provide quality assurance and catalog data management services. We still believe there is a trend towards outsourcing data management to external, specialized service providers such as DCI. Sales in the reporting period were 69% up on those of Q3/2004 at EUR 184k.

The market for **DCI** e-mail and fax media remains difficult. Sales in the reporting period (EUR 361k) were 29% below sales in Q3/2004 (EUR 505k). In order to counteract this, we reorganized sales at the beginning of 2005 and separated support for existing customers from new customer acquisition. The latter is now supported by external call centers. These measures have only been partially effective to date. However, the economic recovery that was expected for the IT area in particular has evidently not occurred this year, at least in our customer area.

We have developed a new product to reflect the expected shifts in the e-mail advertising market in the form of our **Wide Area Infoboard (WAI)**, which has now been launched. The patented technology enables e-mail senders to stage their content directly on web portals or DCI theme portals for download (pull marketing). Senders will thus be able to make new contacts in their target group in a very cost-effective manner without having to fill any e-mail inboxes and so avoiding potential spam risks. For their part, the web portals will have access to information flows that they previously were unable to reach.

The DCI business model is based on performance-related business fees or click rates of the senders of the information (e.g. manufacturer newsletters etc.), in which portal operators participate.

The WAI provides DCI with an opportunity for exponential sales growth in bulk business, also at international level. However, we are not anticipating rapid growth, but gradual growth over a period of time. In this respect, we refer once again to the increased planning risk concerning new products due to the fact that there are no bases to compare them in the market. A suitable business model must first be created and launched. This has already been mentioned in the 2004 annual report.

Cost development

The success of cost reduction measures introduced in previous years and rigorously continued was again felt in this reporting period. As a result, it was possible to significantly reduce operating expenditure compared to the previous year in nearly all areas.

Selling costs
General administrative costs
Research and development
costs
Other operating expenses
Operating costs

9 M 2005		Ć	9 M 2004	Difference	
EUR	% of sales	EUR k % of sales		EUR	у-о-у
k				k	
-809	-64%	-806	-53%	-3	0%
-806	-64%	-1,047	-68%	241	-23%
-267	-21%	-442	-29%	175	-40%
-53	-4%	-67	-4%	14	-21%
-1,935	-153%	-2,362	-154%	427	-18%

Selling costs
General administrative costs
Research and development
costs
Other operating expenses
Operating costs

		Q3 2005	(Q3 2004		ference
	EUR	% of sales	EUR k	% of sales	EUR	
	k				k	у-о-у
	-255	-42%	-219	-31%	-36	16%
	-270	-45%	-338	-48%	68	-20%
t	-100	-17%	-88	-13%	-12	14%
	-10	-2%	-21	-3%	11	-52%
	-635	-105%	-666	-95%	31	-5%

Research and development

Total expenditure on research and development in the reporting period amounted to EUR 267k (PY: EUR 442k).

IT-supported processes were also further improved by the development of new production tools and expansion of existing software. This resulted in an improvement in productivity.

The Wide Area Infoboards (WAI) were also enhanced and improved.

Existing products, such as the WebTradeCenter and the e-mail and fax media, were also improved in line with technical innovations and to reflect customer needs.

Investments

No significant investments were made in the reporting period other than the required replacement investment in hardware and software.

Transactions of particular importance that could affect the result

DCI AG and Dr. Stecher decided to end their working relationship by mutual agreement, as Dr. Stecher wishes to take on new professional challenges.

A new Supervisory Board was elected in the Annual General Meeting on July 13, 2005:

Michael Krings, businessman (Chairman), date of birth 18.04.1957: Founded his first company at the age of 17; founded Compu-Shack Elektronik GmbH in 1983, sold this in stages (1993-1997). Successful chief executive officer for the purchasers of Compu-Shack from 1997 to the end of 2003.

Currently: Internet solutions company, mk-mall24

<u>Peter Mund, businessman (Deputy Chairman), date of birth 04.12.1962:</u> Product Manager at Farnell InOne, expansion of the B2B division for Conrad Electronic, expansion of the electronic procurement division at Mercateo AG, then Head of Sales and Marketing at the German Association of Materials Management, Purchasing and Logistics (BME).

Currently: Founder and Chief Executive of Eubicon GmbH

Robin Schönbeck, businessman (Member), date of birth 20.01.1966: Degree in Business Studies at Tübingen University; founded Solvenz GmbH, a consultancy firm specializing in liquidity and cost planning, in 1996; founded intertrade internet service GmbH in 1999, which merged with mentasys GmbH in 2004.

Currently: responsible for Finance, Legal Affairs and Business Development at mentasys GmbH

Events since the end of the quarter

There have been no events of particular importance for the development of the company since the end of the quarter.

Outlook

The internal measures to reduce costs and consolidate departments, branches and internal processes have now been completed. They have created a basis on which DCI can now develop its business further.

We are focusing on our media, Content Services and the WAI. The sales measures taken are already showing signs of positive results; we have regained some former customers and acquired numerous new customers. A range of product improvements is underway and will help stabilize regular business in the forthcoming year.

We are optimistic about the future thanks to the ongoing boom in the on-line market, particularly at Google and eBay.

We offer a similar business model in the form of our WAI. The WAI is scalable for international bulk business, and provides technologically innovative advertising opportunities that clearly stand out in terms of customer benefit.

Our task is to find a suitable business model with the WAI, which will be accepted by the market and which is optimally suited to marketing via partners.

As with all new products and innovations, it has to be positioned correctly on the market. Not many companies overcome this challenge successfully. However, DCI has proved its success on several occasions since it was founded in 1993.

Interim dividend and distribution

No dividend or distribution is planned in the reporting period.

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

IFRS	Notes	9-months report Sep. 30, 2005	Annual financial statements Dec. 31, 2004
ASSETS		EUR k	EUR k
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,504	2,255
Trade receivables		236	241
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		46	123
Current assets, total		1,786	2,619
Property, plant and equipment		375	394
Intangible assets		15	21
Investments		0	0
Deferred tax assets		4	4
Assests, total		2,180	3,038

Equity and Liabilities

Current liabilities			
Lease liabilities (current share)	8	14	6
Trade payables		51	100
Provisions	9	384	518
Deferred income		143	137
Other current liabilities		72	82
Current liabilities, total		664	843
Deferred tax liabilities		4	4
Lease liabilities (non-current share)	8	11	8
Non-current liabilities, total		15	12
Minority interest		0	0
Equity			
Issued capital		8,465	8,465
Capital reserves		79,218	79,218
Net accumulated losses		-86,179	-85,493
Cumulative overall result		-3	-7
Equity, total		1,501	2,183
Equity and Liabilities, total		2,180	3,038

Consolidated Income Statement (unaudited)

IFRS	Q3 2005 July 1Sep 30. 2005 EUR k	Q3 2004 July 1,-Sep 30, 2004 EUR k	9-months report Jan 1, -Sep 30, 2005 EUR k	9-months report Jan 1, -Sep 30, 2004 EUR k
Sales	629	776	1,891	2,308
Cost of sales	-251	-311	-742	-1,053
Gross profit	378	465	1,149	1,255
Selling expenses	-255	-219	-809	-806
General and administrative expenses	-270	-338	-806	-1,047
Research and development expenses	-100	-88	-267	-442
Other operating income	16	21	112	760
Other operating expenses	-10	-21	-53	-67
Interest income	0	-1	-3	-7
Profit / loss from ordinary business activities	-241	-181	-677	-354
Income tax	-5	-8	-9	-18
Result before minority interest	-246	-189	-686	-372
Minority interest	0	0	0	15
Net loss / profit for the periode	-246	-189	-686	-357
Net earning per share, basic and diluted	-0.03	-0.02	-0.08	-0.04
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	8,464,592	8,464,592	8,464,592	8,464,592

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (unaudited)

	Jan 1Sep 30, 2005	Jan 1, -Sep 30, 2004
IFRS	EUR k	EUR k
Cash Flow from operating activities Net loss / profit for the year	-677	-339
Depreciation and write-downs on assets	104	197
Loss on disposal of asset	6	33
Expenses from currency translation	4	4
Interest expenditure	3	7
Change in non-current provisions	0	-20
Change in minority interests	0	-15
Change in trade receivables	5	80
Change in other current assets	77	55
Change in other current provisions	-134	-690
Change in trade payables	-49	4
Change in other current liabilities	-4	3
Interests paid	-3	-7
Income taxes paid	-9	-18
Net cash used in operating activities	-677	-706
Cash flow from investments Investments in intangible and tangible		
assests and property, plant and equipment	-88	-112
Proceeds from the disposal of assets	3	16
Net cash used in financing activities	-85	-96
Cash flow from financing activities		
Change in liabilities from lease agreements	11	0
Onange in habilities from lease agreements		Ü
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	-751	-802
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the	2.255	3.146
year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	1.504	2.344
Of which restricted	102	107
Of which unrestricted	1.402	2.237

Consolidated Statement of Equity (unaudited) 05

IFRS	Share	Capital	Profit / loss	Foreign	Total
	capital	reserves	carryforward	exchange	shareholders'
	•		•	differences	equity
	EUR k	EUR k	EUR k	EUR k	EUR k
Balance at January 1, 2004	8.465	79.218	-85.142	-4	2.537
Net loss for the period			-357		-357
Currency translation 1. – 9. 2004				4	4
Balance as at September 30, 2004	8.465	79.218	-85.499	0	2.184
Balance at January 1, 2005	8.465	79.218	-85.493	-7	2.183
Net loss for the period			-686		-686
Currency translation 1. – 9. 2005				4	4
Balance as at September 30, 2005	8.465	79.218	-86.179	-3	1.501

Consolidated Notes to the Accounts (unaudited)

1. The company

Information on the company can be found on pages 2-4.

2. Going concern

From today's perspective, the DCI Group is sufficiently financed until the end of 2006, even if the WAI should fail entirely. However, we are not assuming that this will be the case.

The company has the potential to make the turnaround. However, this requires a significant increase in sales as the opportunities for potential cost reduction have largely been exhausted.

In this context we specifically refer to the planning premises, planning risks and uncertainties outlined in the consolidated management report in the 2004 financial statements.

3. Accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of DCI AG and its subsidiaries were prepared in line with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The figures for the previous year were calculated according to the same principles. Previously, the consolidated financial statements were prepared in line with the United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("US GAAP").

The financial information contained in this report has not been audited.

However, this information covers all adjustments that the management believes necessary to present a true and fair view of the results of the interim reporting period. The results of this interim period do not necessarily provide an indication of the possible earnings situation for the whole of the financial year. We recommend that these consolidated financial statements for quarters one to three 2005 are read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and relevant notes for 2004.

All material clearing accounts and intra-Group transactions were eliminated on consolidation. These consolidated financial statements were prepared based on the going-concern principle, which assumes the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the course of normal business activities.

4. Accounting regulations

The accounting and valuation methods used are the same as those used in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2004.

5. Consolidation

In addition to DCI AG, all subsidiary companies are included in the consolidated financial statements of DCI AG using the full consolidation method. The consolidated companies were included using their financial statements as at September 30, 2005 or the adjusted previous financial statements as at June 24, 2005 (DCI Database for Commerce and Industry Ltd., Valetta, Malta).

The eventually closed subsidiary **acequote.com Ltd.** was divested in Q3 2004. As there was no longer any business activity in the subsidiary in the comparable period in 2004, the divestment did not generate any profit.

The following individual subsidiaries were consolidated:

DCI Database for Commerce and Industry Romania S.R.L., Brasov, Romania 100%

DCI Database for Commerce and Industry (Malta) Ltd., Valetta, Malta 75%

Consolidated Notes to the Accounts (unaudited)

6. Note on the transition to IFRS

In accordance with IFRS 1, a reconciliation of equity as reported under US GAAP and under IFRS as of September 30, 2004 must be provided. In addition, the results for the first nine months of 2004 under US GAAP must be reconciled to the result under IFRS.

Reconciliation

Reconciliation of shareholders equity on Sep 30, 2005

Issued capital
Capital reserves
Stock option compensation
Loss carryforward
Foreign currency differences
Result Q1 (e), Q2 (f), Q3 (g) 2004
Equity

US GAAP			Recond	iliatio	n			IAS
K€	a)	b)	c)	d)	e)	f)	g)	K€
8,465								8,465
80,060	-78	-764						79,218
-87	87							0
-85,724	-9	764	-159	-14				-85,142
0								0
-450					15	68	10	-357
2,264	0	0	-159	-14	15	68	10	2,184

- a) Under US GAAP, the company treated stock-based compensation plans using the intrinsic value method in line with APB 25 "Accounting for stock issued to employees". On February 19, 2004, the IASB published IFRS 2, which regulates accounting of stock-based compensation for the first time. In particular, it requires that the impact of granting stock-based compensation be recognized both in income and in assets. For stock-based compensation issued before November 7, 2002, IFRS 2 must be applied for the first time in reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2005. The company waived any earlier application.
- b) Under US GAAP, in line with APB 25 "Accounting for stock issued to employees", the sale of stock by the CEO Michael Mohr to other members of the Management Board was treated as "cheap stock compensation". On February 19, 2004, IASB published IFRS 2, which regulates accounting of stock-based compensation for the first time. In particular, it requires that the impact of granting stock-based compensation be recognized both in income and in assets. For stock-based compensation issued before November 7, 2002, IFRS 2 must be applied for the first time in reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2005. The company waived any earlier application.

c) and d) please refer to the annual report for 2004, consolidated Notes (section C), in which the relevant explanations are contained.

Consolidated Notes to the Accounts (unaudited)

e), f) and g) please refer to the following reconciliation:

Reconciliation of net profit/loss for the period January - September 2004	e) Jan – March EUR k	f) April – June EUR k	g) July – Sep EUR k	Total EUR k
Realization of sales from licensing software– realized in line with SOP 97-2 under US GAAP, under IAS 18	-17	34	-17	0
Adjustment of global valuation allowances on receivables (permitted by IAS 39)	-2	4	-1	1
Adjustment of provisions for onerous contracts (IAS 37) including interest expenses	34	30	28	92
Difference in results January – September 2004 according to US GAAP and IAS	15	68	10	93
Result under US GAAP	266	-517	-199	-450
Result under IFRS	281	-449	-189	-357

In addition, in accordance with IFRS 1, a reconciliation of equity under US GAAP and under IFRS from January 1, 2003 and December 31, 2003 must be provided. Results for 2003 under US GAAP and under IFRS are also to be reconciled. We refer to the reconciliation in the 2004 annual report, consolidated Notes (section C), which contains the relevant reconciliations.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Of the total cash and cash equivalents reported in the balance sheet of EUR 1,504k, EUR 102k is pledged as security or otherwise tied up, and therefore not available to cover short-term liquidity requirements.

8. Capital Lease

One subsidiary company has entered into hire purchase contracts for motor vehicles. The leases expire no later than 2008. Short-term lease commitments amount to EUR 14k, long-term leases to EUR 11k.

9. Provisions

Provisions primarily consist of the following amounts:

	EUR k
Outstanding invoices	63
Legal and consultancy costs	58
Holidays, commissions, etc.	34
Annual general meeting costs	116
Other provisions	<u>113</u>
TOTAL	384

Consolidated notes to the Accounts (unaudited)

10. Earnings per share in accordance with IAS 33

The company has calculated earnings per share in accordance with IAS 33. The procedure used to calculate diluted and basic earnings per share is the same as that used in the 2004 annual report.

		Sep 30 th 2005	Sep 30 th 2004
Number of basic shares		8,464,592	8,464,592
Earnings	K€	-686	-357
Basic earnings per share	€	-0.08	-0.04
Options		84,750	168,200
Dilutive shares		0	0
Diluted number of shares		8,464,592	8,464,592
Diluted earnings per share	€	-0.08	-0.04

11. Employees

The number of people employed by the company as of September 30, 2005 was:

DCI AG Germany 23 DCI Romania S.R.L. 59 Total 82

12. Segment reporting

As in the 2004 annual report, the company differentiates between the following primary segments:

- eCommerce
- Marketing/Advertising
- Information Providing

Jan.1, 2004- Sept. 30, 2004	E-Commerce	Information Providing	Marketing/ Sales	Not allocated	Group
External sales % of sales	EUR k 338 14,6%	EUR k 1,799 77,9%	EUR k 171 7,4%	EUR k	EUR k 2,308 100,0%
Profit of loss from ordinary activities	13	32	-328	-65	-347
Interest income Interest expense	0	0 -2	0 0	2 -7	2 -9
Net profit or loss from ordinary activities	13	30	-328	-70	-354
Income taxes Minority interests	0	-18	0	0	-18 15
Net profit					-357

Consolidated notes to the Accounts (unaudited)

Jan. 1, 2005- Sept. 30, 2005	E-Commerce	Information Providing	Marketing/ Sales	Not allocated	Group
External sales % of sales	EUR k 250 13,2%	EUR k 1,606 84,9%	EUR k 35 1,9%	EUR k	EUR k 1,891 100,0%
Profit of loss from ordinary activities Interest income Interest expense Net profit or loss from ordinary activities	-31 0 0 - 31	-539 1 -4 -542	-72 0 0 72	-33 0 0 -33	-647 1 -4 -677
Income taxes Minority interests Net profit	0	-8	0	-1	-9 -686

13. Information on the income statement of the company

	1.130.9.2005	1.130.9.2004
	EUR k	EUR k
Materials		
Costs of purchased goods	0	0
Costs of purchased services	772	1.166
Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	1.155	1.239
Social security contributions	207	219

14. Investments

Investments of EUR 88k (previous year EUR 112k) relate primarily to operating and office equipment.

15. Information on the executive bodies of the company

DCI AG and Dr. Stecher decided to end their working relationship by mutual agreement, as Dr. Stecher wishes to take on new professional challenges. Dr. Stecher resigned from his duties as member of the Board of Management on August 31, 2005 and left the company on September 30, 2005.

With the expiry of the Annual General Meeting of July 13, 2005, the time in office of the following members of the Supervisory Board ended:

Michael Böllner Chairman

Dr. jur. Hubert Krieger Deputy Chairman

Michael Reuss Member

The following Supervisory Board was elected in the Annual General Meeting of July 13, 2005:

Michael Krings, Businessman Chairman

Peter Mund, Businessman Deputy Chairman

Robin Shönbeck, Businessman Member

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